



FOR THE TREATMENT OF ADVANCED PERIPHERAL ARTERY DISEASE

WHAT HAPPENS DURING THE DETOUR PROCEDURE?



Your doctor will make two small punctures. One near the top of the opposite leg from the leg requiring the procedure, and one in your calf. Through these punctures, your doctor will guide the DETOUR System to the area where the artery is blocked.



In the procedure, your doctor will make a connection between your artery and vein. One connection will be above the blockage, and one will be below the blockage. Through these connections, your doctor will build a long tube by connecting two or three stent grafts.



The tube will start in the artery above the blockage, connect to the vein next to the artery, then return to the artery below the blockage. Once the tube is built, your blood will travel around the blockage to the lower part of your leg.

In this clinical study, the DETOUR procedure re-routes blood flow around your blocked SFA from above the blockage to below the blockage. To re-route the blood flow, your doctor will make a new vessel using stent grafts. Stent grafts are small, flexible metal tubes covered in a special fabric to keep the blood inside the tube.

When the procedure is finished, you will have a new way for your blood to travel down your leg. Your previously blocked areas remain as they were.

Talk to your doctor to learn more about the DETOUR clinical study and to understand the risks and benefits with the procedure.

WHAT IS PERIPHERAL ARTERY DISEASE?

PAD (peripheral artery/arterial disease) means clogged arteries in your legs. PAD develops when your arteries become blocked with plaque-fatty deposits that limit blood flow to your legs and feet.

WHAT ARE PAD SYMPTOMS?

PAD may cause:

- Heaviness, cramping, or pain in the leg muscles after a short walk
- · Pain in your legs or feet while resting
- Sores, wounds, or ulcers on the toes, feet, or legs that are slow to heal.

THE DETOUR PROCEDURE MAY HELP

If you have been diagnosed with PAD and have a blockage in the main artery in your thigh. This artery is called the Superficial Femoral Artery, or SFA. The blockage in your SFA limits the blood flow through your leg to your foot.

Unfortunately, PAD cannot be cured, but the DETOUR procedure may improve blood flow and control your symptoms. Talk to your doctor to see if you are able to enroll in the DETOUR II clinical study.



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